

What is Quality?

September 2024

Dr Ailsa Crum
Director of Membership, Quality
Enhancement & Standards, QAA, UK



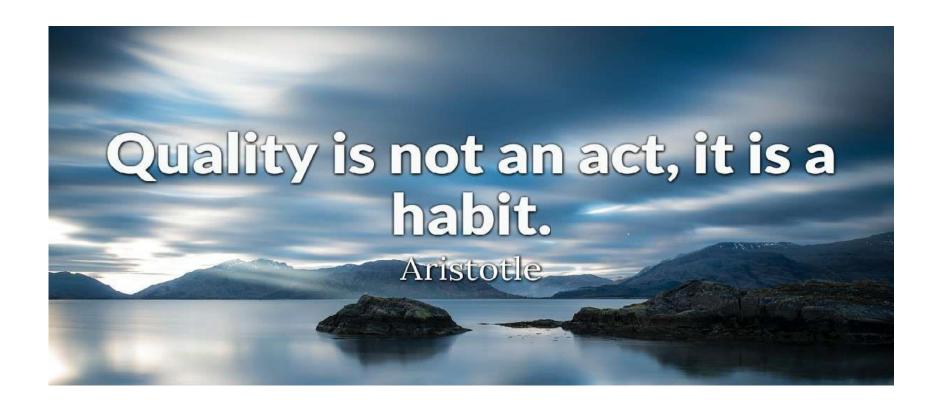
QAA is the UK's expert quality body for tertiary education

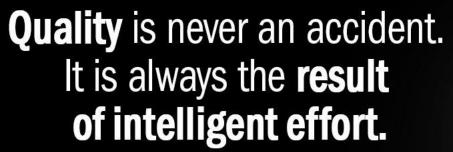
- offering tailored approaches for each of the four UK nations
- around 300 members across the UK & internationally
- extensive international links



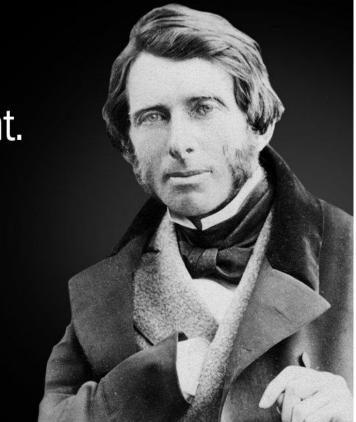


Quality – I'll know it when I see it





– John Ruskin



AZ QUOTES





What would your quote be?



Definitions of quality in higher education



Academic Quality

...refers to the learning experience students have *during* their study.

It relates to course *delivery* – how does this course ensure that a student is provided with the opportunity and support they need to reach the academic standards we have set for the award?



Academic standards

...describe what a student must achieve to receive a particular mark, grade, award or classification.

They are what we consider in the *design* of the course – what does a student have to do, know and demonstrate to achieve in this course and how will we measure that?



Quality enhancement

...going beyond an agreed baseline

- Deliberate steps...
- Forward look
- Link to strategy
- Partnership with students





Would you add anything to those definitions?





Approaches to external quality...

Drivers for focus on quality

- Access to education expansion of places
- Shape of the sector bringing together institutions with different traditions
- Tool for distributing funding
- Meeting employer & society needs







Accountability versus autonomy



In England, since the 1980s...

the audit society and the accountability culture have collided with academic freedom and institutional autonomy

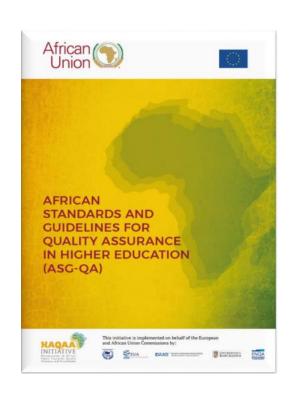
David Watson (2006) **Quality Matters**, A QAA Briefing Paper Gloucester: Quality Assurance Agency December 2006



The Age of Codification...



Standards & guidelines











- X Not (absolutely) prescriptive
- X Not a national curriculum
- > Do support innovation, diversity and flexibility
- Support recognition and alignment between institutions & nations



BUT...

 While not absolutely prescriptive, depending on how they are used, they could become a checklist

And yet...

 When being used internally, there is often a request for (even) more detail



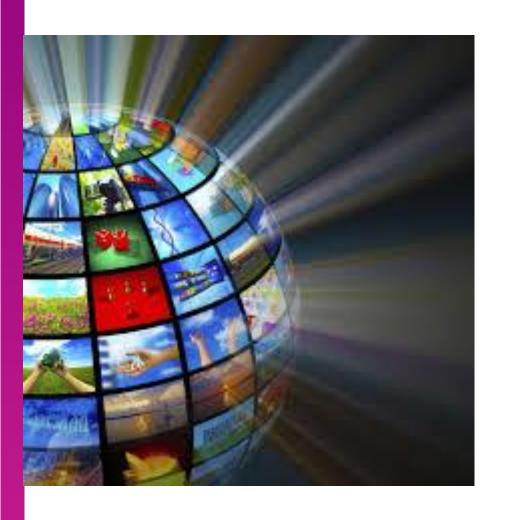


Overall...



- Clarity for students, staff and stakeholders around expectations – including international recognition
- Even where providers and provision varies, recognised approaches and good practice is identified
- Wheels need not be invented when designing or reviewing policies and processes





Role of national & international networks

For example...

International Network for Quality Assurance Agencies in HE (INQAAHE) – over 300 members



So what?

- ✓ Recognition of qualifications
- ✓ Student mobility
- ✓ Partnerships
- ✓ Transnational education
- ✓ Student recruitment





Do you recognise that description of national frameworks and guidelines?

How do you use them?





Competing ideologies

Tensions...

- Accountability versus autonomy?
- > Staff versus student-centred?
- > Assurance versus enhancement?





Swapping accountability for the market?

Should the market play a role in determining quality...?







Much of the rhetoric about the value of a higher education market treats students as purchasers, customers or consumers. These terms are anothema to much of higher education... because teaching and learning are seen as symbiotic. Students do not consume knowledge but construct it... they are co-producers and collaborators.



Graham Gibbs

Gibbs, G (2012) *Implications of '<u>Dimensions of Quality'</u> in a market environment*. HEA research series.



As early as 400 BC, Socrates cautioned against creating 'merchants of knowledge' who are willing to give students what they want rather than what they need in order to keep the money flowing. He warned such a market-based exchange would have a corrupting effect on the teaching and learning process.



Impact of 'student-as-consumer' on academic performance analysis found:

Having a consumer orientation mediates the traditional relationships between learner identity, grade goal and academic performance

Having a higher consumer orientation was associated with lower academic performance

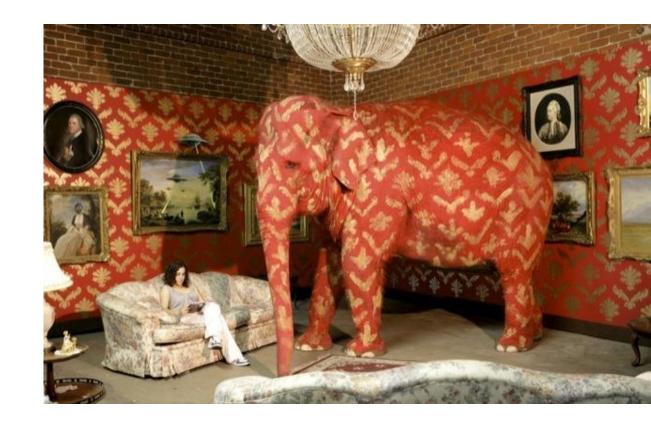


Louise Bunce, Amy Baird & Siân E. Jones (2017) The student-as-consumer approach in higher education and its effects on academic performance, Studies in Higher Education



Student satisfaction...versus engagement?

Employer satisfaction...?





Quality from the inside...



Institutional approach to quality

- What is your strategic approach to learning, teaching & assessment?
- Who are your students & how might that population change?



What, therefore, are the consequences for your quality arrangements?



Key roles in quality assurance & enhancement



 Quality assurance & enhancement works best when it's part of a strategic approach: wholeinstitution culture

• But...are there key individuals who might make a difference?



Programme leaders & the evidence funnel

Students experience...

- The quality of teaching
- Sense of belonging to a learning community
- Programme management

...primarily at the programme level

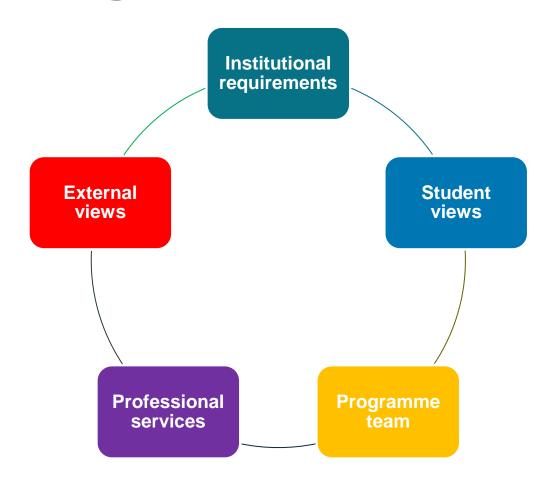
This places significant responsibility on the programme leaders as interpreters and creators of evidence for enhancement.

Programme leaders are the critical interface between key metrics, diverse student & staff voices & calls for action.





Programme leader perspective







Understanding competing views

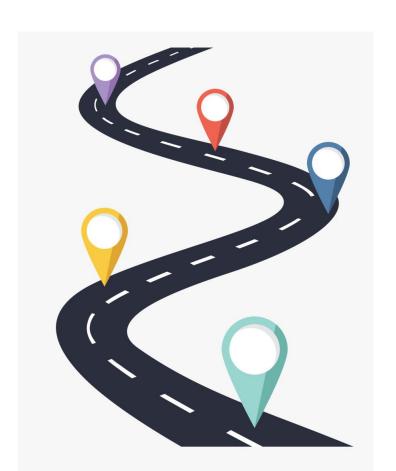


- What support can you put in place to help programme leaders meet potentially competing needs?
- How can you help programme leaders to interpret potentially conflicting information or evidence?
- What opportunities do you have to hear programme leaders' views?



Roadmap for quality enhancement?

- Linking to strategy: what are you seeking to enhance?
- Identifying what success will look like
- Knowing where you are starting from
- Tracking (& adjusting) how to get there
- Partnering with students
- Engage in review activity, eg QAA offers International Quality Review



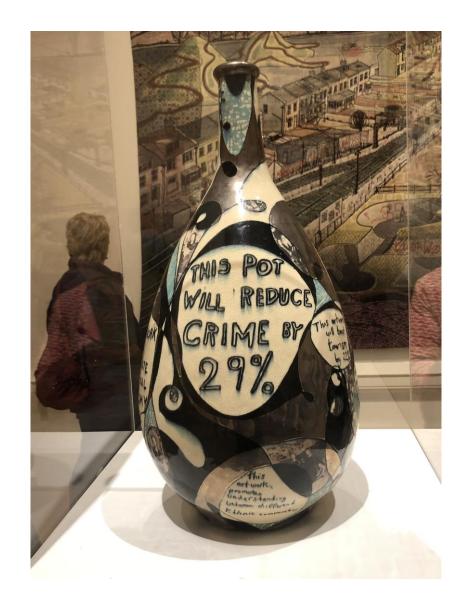


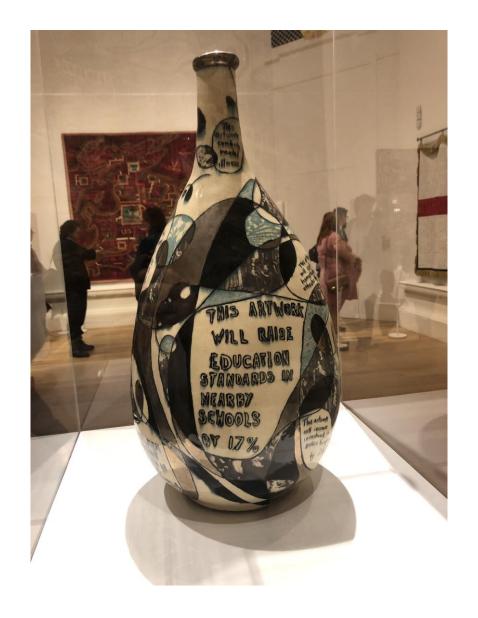
The role of data in quality

The data landscape









Grayson Perry, 2007



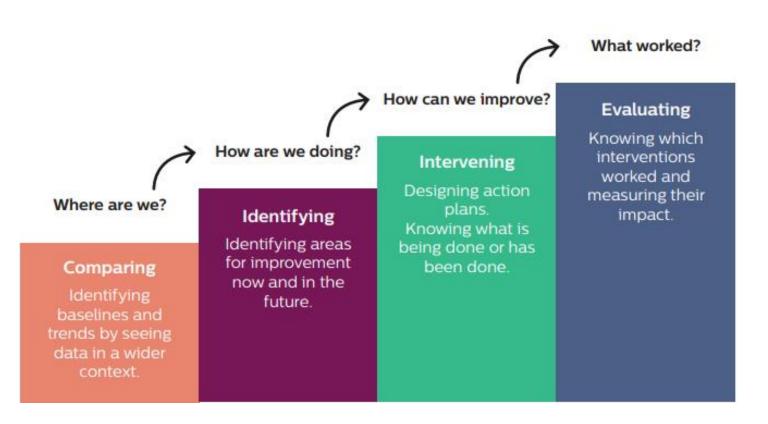
Some key questions...



- What information is useful to help us identify and understand what we do well and what could be improved?
- Do we use the information we have in the best way possible?
- Do we have the right information (to inform decision making)?



Using data to inform quality...



- Information: qualitative & quantitative
- External reference points



Different lenses & intelligence bases

- Module
- Course/programme
- Institutional
- Sector-wide
- Clusters

- Snapshot/pulse
- One-off longitudinal
- Annual
- Periodic/cyclical
- Dynamic





Quality enhancement cycle



- Analysis/Evaluation using external indicators or reference points
- Prospective considering the quality implications of strategic intentions
- Using evidence to support decision-making
- Taking action on the basis of your analysis/evaluation
- Evaluating impact



Aiming for success – learning from failure

"Ever tried. Ever failed. No matter. Try again. Fail again. Fail better"

Samuel Beckett 1983 story Worstward Ho





Retrospective & prospective information





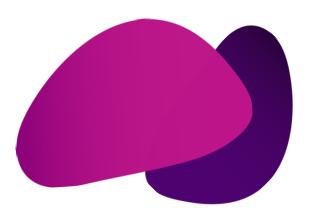


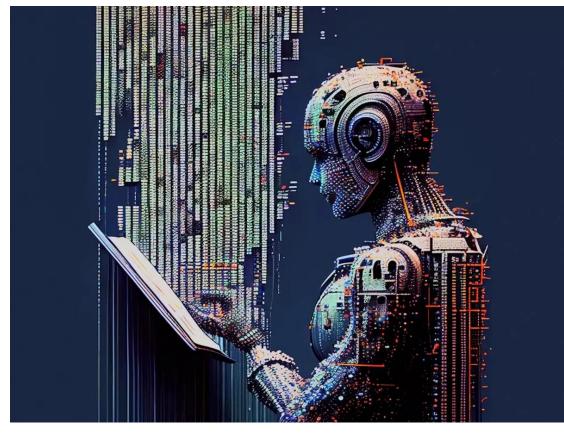
Impact of generative Al



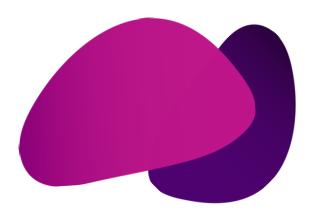
Challenge & opportunity

- Skills for employability
- Tool for learning & achieving
- Support for quality processes
- What does responsible use look like?
- What about the nature of academic awards?
- What about the relationship between staff & students?





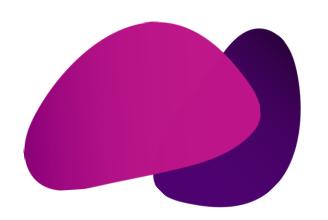




- What is your view of AI?
- Does it have a role in the classroom?
- Should it be used to support quality processes?



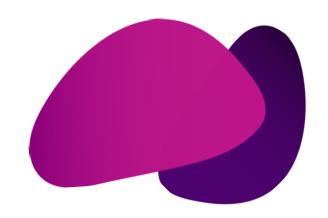
Recap ...



- What is quality?
- Drivers and approaches
- Role of national & international frameworks & networks
- Institutional approaches to quality
- Using data in quality processes & decision making
- Impact of generative AI



Takeaways ...



- Be clear about what you are trying to achieve (strategy)
- Know your student population & how might that change
- ➤ Understand your strengths & areas for development access the information you need to identify those, take action on the findings & evaluate those actions
- Ensure all your processes are coherent & support your strategic direction (including a forward focus)









Thank you

qaa.ac.uk

© The Quality Assurance Agency for Higher Education 2024 Registered charity numbers: 1062746 and SC037786

